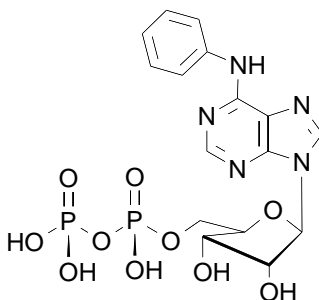


Technical Information about N⁶-Phenyl-ADP

Update: October 29, 2015 AI



Abbreviation: 6-Phe-ADP

Formula	CAS No.	Molecular Weight	UV	BIOLOG Cat. No.
C ₁₆ H ₁₉ N ₅ O ₁₀ P ₂ for free acid	[105701-92-6]	503.3 for free acid	λ _{max} 288 nm / ε 20800 / pH 7	P 014

Name: N⁶-Phenyladenosine-5'-O-diphosphate, sodium salt

Description: 6-Phe-ADP is an analogue of adenosine-5'-O-diphosphate (ADP) in which one hydrogen of the 6-amino group has been substituted by a phenyl moiety.

Properties: Precursor of the corresponding radio-labelled triphosphate which can be used for identification of the specific substrates of an engineered protein kinase as described by Shah et al. (1997).

Specification: Aqueous solution of the sodium salt (10 mM). Other salt forms of 6-Phe-ADP may be available upon request. Micromolar quantities are determined by UV at λ_{max}. When opening the tube please make sure that no liquid is lost within the cap. A short spin-down in a bench centrifuge is recommended before use.

Purity: Typical purity is better than 95% (HPLC / UV / 288 nm) at time of quality control and packing. The product is not sterile and has not been tested for endotoxins.

Stability and Storage: 6-Phe-ADP is most stable when stored as aqueous solution in the freezer (-20° Celsius necessary, -70° recommended), however, at ambient temperature the compound slowly starts to decompose. Thus, in order to maintain its original high quality it is recommended to allow thawing only before using the product. If you will not use up the vial with one application, please aliquot the contents of the vial in order to avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles for the rest. When making such aliquots, be sure to operate quickly and to freeze the vial again as soon as possible.

Toxicity and Safety: Since nucleoside diphosphates have multiple tasks in every organism, it is very likely that ADP analogues will interfere with many cell regulation processes *in vivo*. However, due to the rather small quantities to work with, no health hazards have been reported. Nevertheless please keep in mind, that the *in vivo* properties of this compound are not sufficiently characterized up to now. Avoid skin contact or ingestion and allow only trained personnel to handle the product.

Our products are designed, developed and sold for research purposes only! They are intended for *in vitro* and nonhuman *in vivo* laboratory applications. Any other use requires approval of health authorities.

Not for drug, household or related uses!

Selected References for 6-Phe-ADP:

Moffat, L.D.; Brown, S.B.A.; Grassie, M.E.; Ulke-Lemée, A.; Williamson, L.M.; Walsh, M.P., MacDonald, J.A., *J. Biol. Chem.*, **286**, 36978 - 36991 (2011): "Chemical Genetics of Zipper-interacting Protein Kinase Reveal Myosin Light Chain as a *Bona Fide* Substrate in Permeabilized Arterial Smooth Muscle"

Gillespie, P.G.; Gillespie, S.K.H.; Mercer, J.A.; Shah, K.; Shokat, K.M., *J. Biol. Chem.*, **274**, 31373 - 31381 (1999): "Engineering of the Myosin-Iβ Nucleotide-binding Pocket to Create Selective Sensitivity to N⁶-modified ADP Analogs"

Shah, K.; Liu, Y.; Deirmengian, C.; Shokat, K.M., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, **94**, 3565 - 3570 (1997): "Engineering Unnatural Nucleotide Specificity for Rous Sarcoma Virus Tyrosine Kinase to Uniquely Label its Direct Substrates"